

What you'll need:

Pool Care Solutions

#12

**Salt Cell
Protector Plus**



**Concentrated
Salt Cell Cleaner**



How to clean your salt cell



Salt cells require regular cleaning to prevent calcium deposits from building up and preventing the production of chlorine.

For a thorough explanation on the correct use of these products, please refer to information contained on the packaging.

For your nearest store
13 80 90
www.clarkrubber.com.au

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Cause

- The process of salt chlorination causes calcium deposits to form on the cell.

Problem

- Low chlorine production
- Formation of algae
- Reduced cell life
- Poor water flow

Prevention

- **Filtrite Salt Cell Protector Plus** will assist in reducing calcium deposits and facilitate easier cleaning.

IMPORTANT:

Do not use Hydrochloric Acid as this will reduce cell life.



'Follow these simple steps to clean your salt cell'

Solution

Step 1

- Remove cell from chlorinator housing.
- Best results will be obtained when the cell is hosed with warm water before treatment.

Step 2

- Pour **Filtrite Salt Cell Cleaner** into a plastic container.

Step 3

- Immerse the salt chlorinator cell in the plastic container for around 10-15 minutes.

Step 4

- Heavily encrusted cells may require further treatment. *Never use any metal implement to dislodge calcium.*
- Reinstall salt cell.

Step 5

- Whilst the product can be re-used, best results will always be obtained by using a fresh solution.

Step 6

- We recommend that every pool owner who is sanitising his or her pool using a salt chlorinator should use our companion product, **Filtrite Salt Cell Protector Plus**, on a regular basis.

Step 7

- **Filtrite Salt Cell Protector Plus** will soften any calcium deposits on the cell, making it so much easier to remove.

Make sure you have a FREE professional water analysis of your pool or spa water at your local Clark Rubber store every 4 weeks. Ask for your FREE water sample bottle.